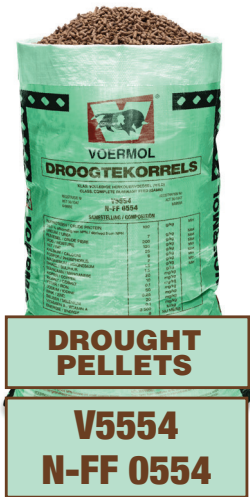


## VOERMOL DROUGHT PELLETS

Class: Complete Drought Feed for Ruminants

**VOERMOL DROUGHT PELLETS** is a drought feed that can be fed as a survival ration to animals during times of feed scarcity:

- is molasses based;
- reduces wastage and flows freely in self feeders;
- can be fed as the only feed in survival feeding;
- can be used in the place of hay as a roughage, for example in the feeding of ruminant game;
- can be used in the place of hay in complete feeds, when hay is scarce and expensive. Rations must be carefully formulated.



### COMPOSITION OF VOERMOL DROUGHT PELLETS

REG NO V5554 (Act 36/1947) N-FF 0554

		(g/kg)	(mg/kg)	
Crude Protein*	(min)	100	Manganese	20
Urea	(max)	7	Copper	10
Crude Fibre	(max)	200	Cobalt	0.1
Moisture	(max)	120	Iron	50
Fat	(min)	25	Iodine	0.25
Calcium	(max)	8	Zinc	20
Phosphorus	(min)	2	Selenium	0.1
Magnesium	(min)	1.5	Vitamin A (IU/kg)	3 500
Sulphur	(min)	1.5	Energy est. (MJ ME/kg)	8

\*30.1 % derived from NPN

Packaging – 50 kg

**See urea warning**

### SURVIVAL OF CATTLE AND SHEEP

During extreme drought conditions and/or where there is no grazing available, a limited amount of **Voermol Drought Pellets** can be fed. Sheep with a body mass of 40 kg would receive 600 – 680 g **Voermol Drought Pellets** per day and cattle of 450 kg body mass would receive 4.2 – 5.2 kg per day. In consultation with the veterinarian, follow a dosing and vaccination programme, inclusive of *Clostridium spp.* especially for sheep and goats.

**Ruminant game: Voermol Drought Pellets** can be used as a feed to keep ruminant game alive during times of drought.

Research has shown that animals fed daily on a survival ration, performed worse and had a higher mortality rate than animals fed once or twice a week. When more feed is given at a time but less often, the animals have more chance of getting their share of the ration.



## UREA WARNING

### UREA

The majority of licks contain urea that can be dangerous under certain conditions. During the formulation and manufacturing process of **Voermol licks**, great care is taken to minimise the risks of feeding urea. The possibilities of urea poisoning can be further reduced by taking note of the following:

- use licks as prescribed;
- limit lick intake to the prescribed maximum levels;
- feed the licks together with sufficient grazing and/or roughage;
- take special care during feed scarcity (drought conditions) to prevent high lick intake;
- prevent excessive lick intake in the initial stages (salt hunger) by allowing the animals access to **Voermol Rumevite 6P** for the first 14 days;
- do not let licks get wet.

**See urea warning on the product packaging.**

### UREA WARNING

This farm feed contains NPN (Non-Protein Nitrogen) sources and must therefore be fed strictly according to instructions for use.

- Vinegar is an effective remedy against NPN poisoning. Mix with an equal amount of water. Dose half a bottle per calf/sheep or 2 – 4 bottles per head of cattle (1 bottle = 750 ml).
- Protect this farm feed against rain. NPN is soluble and animals drinking such a solution could be poisoned.
- Do not feed this farm feed indiscriminately with other NPN containing farm feeds. Consult an animal scientist.
- Mix concentrate thoroughly with the prescribed ingredients.
- This is a supplement and not a feed. Sufficient grazing and/or roughage must be available at all times.
- Keep lick troughs filled and prevent gluttonous eating by hungry animals. A constant daily intake can help prevent poisoning.
- Before feeding a NPN containing lick, feed an ordinary salt / phosphate lick for at least 7 days.

### GMO STATEMENT

These animal feeds may contain ingredients derived from GMO (genetically modified organisms) origin.

